PRICE ONE CENT.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1888.

PRICE ONE CENT.

ALL THE LATEST NEWS

HAYTI FRIGHTENED.

First Accurate Account of Affairs at the Island.

Our Galena Brought Her Guns to Bear On Port-au-Prince.

The Dessalines Vainly Manned Her 20-pound Pops.

The Haytian Republic Surrendered Without a Struggle.

nnity of \$350,000 Ask: 1 by Private

Government Demand Not Confirmed,

The Hamburg-American steamer Prinz auritz arrived in port this morning bearing communication from THE WORLD's special respondent at Port-au-Prince, Hayti.

The Mauritz sailed from the Haytian port wo days after the arrival of the American var-ships Galena and Yantic and the surrener of the American steamer Haytian Republie to its owner, B. C. Morse, who was a pasnger on Admiral Luce's flagship, the Ga-

On the morning of Dec. 20, the American ssels entered the inner harbor of Port-au-Prince and were immediately prepared for

Admiral Luce's flag was transferred to the Vantic, which was anchored within one huned feet of shore, with her frowning broad-

dred feet of shore, with her frowning broadside turned threateningly on the town and
her torpedo booms out.

This was not all. Admiral Luce had been
sent to Hayti to demand the surrender of the illegally seized and condemned American steamer, and he promptly
showed that he did not intend to leave without her by ordering a line from the Yantie
to be attached to her.

The Haytians were dumfounded by this

to be attached to her.

The Haytians were dumfounded by this prompt action of the American Admiral.

Commodore Guyot, of the Haytian gunboat Dessalives, who was on shore at the time, hurried to his vessel, and immediately a great bullabaloo was created on the deck of the little Haytian vessel.

The little twenty pounder popular were

The little twenty-pounder pop-guns were loaded and extra ammunition was got abourd, and the bantam was ready for action.

Commodore Guyat was so much frightened by the by the appearance of the American vessels that he did not muster up courage to pay his respects to Admiral Luce until after sunset. His fears were considerably allayed when the Admiral received him cordially and assured him that his intentions were not hostile but arrest the history.

but simply precautionary. Is had come with the green olive branch peace in his right hand but he had the peace in his right hand but he hing sword of war in reserve. Although Capt. Compton, of the Haytian spublic, was living on shore with Mr. Metz-ir, the agent of the vessel, the American by which he raised at her mizzen-top was

till flying there, The Haytian Government had not dared to till flying there.
The Haytian Government had not dared to anl it down.
The Galena was hardly anchored when deut. Griffin was despatched on shore in the team outter with the despatches of Secretary Sayard to Minister Thompson and those of Haytian Minister Preston and Gen. Legitime. He was received with much courtesy at the Government Palace, and when Admiral Luce's demand for the surrender of the condemned steamer by 3 F. M. was made upon the Haytian Executive a little later, he was fully prepared by the news he had received from Mr. Preston, to accede to the demand without the slightest protest.
Shortly before the hour fixed the commander of the Haytian gunboat La Grande Riviere, reported aboard the Yantic that he had been instructed to turn the seized vessel over to the American Admiral and tow her to an anchorage in the outer harbor.
The manhole covers and furnace doors of the Haytian Republic, which were removed on shore by the Haytian officials to prevent the vessel from steaming out of the harbor and escaping, were restored and steam got up for the purpose of raising the anchor.
This it was found impossible to do. The anchor had been overboard so long that the cable was completely fouled, and the services of a blacksmith had to be secured to cut the rusted and useless chain.
Capt. Compton was a happy man when told

or a blacksmith had to be secured to cut the rested and useless chain.

Capt. Compton was a heppy man when told that the ship was his again.

The plucky Yankee skipper hurried aboard and soon an American ensign was floating from every mast-head of the Haytian Republic.

After the restored steamer had been towed After the restored steamer had been towed to the outer harbor and secured to a Government buoy on the morning of Dec. 21, the Yantic was anored to another anchorage less threatening than it had occupied before. In the afternoon Admiral Luce, with his staff, paid an official visit to Gen. Legitime, and was received with all the courtesy which was his due.

A national values of transfer of transfer of the courtesy which

A national salute of twenty-one guns was fired from the Galena, and was answered

ared from the Galena, and was answered from one of the shore batteries.

On the 22d inst. Mr. Morse, the owner of the Haytian Republic, made a formal demand upon the Haytian Government for \$300,000 indemnity for the seizure of his vessel and at the same time a demand was also reade by

idemnity for the seizure of his vessel and at the same time a demand was also made by Frown & Brandeis, attorneys, of Boston, for \$150,000 to indemnify the twenty-five mem-bers of the crew and the two passengers for losses occasioned by the seizure.

The Haytian Republic will return with a

argo of logwood.

No demand whatever was made by the inited States Government upon that of tayti for indemnity on account of the seiz-

Gen. Legitime has attempted to make the Gen. Legitime has attempted to make the lockade of the northern ports more effected, and to that end purchased the British samer Belize for \$25,000.

The has been mounted with three ten-pounded one twenty-pound gun and has been sent relieve the Toussaint l'Ouverture in the

biockade of Cape Haytien and Port de Paix.
She has been sent out in such a hurry that no sights have been provided for her guns.

The commander of the Toussant l'Ouverture is under orders from Gen. Legatime to bombard Fort Picolet at Cape Haytien.

This announcement disposes of the stories to the effect that such a bombardment had taken place.

taken place.

Chief Officer Sibbelse of the Prinz Mauritz, which is lying at Prentiss's Stores, Brooklyn, was seen by an Eventual Wolld reporter this morning and said that everything appeared to be quiet both at Port-au-Prince and Jacmel, the two Haytien ports where the Mauritz touched. The people at both places appeared to be satisfied with the election of Legitime. On the 22d, the day on which the Mauritz

sailed, Gen. Legitime was tendered a reception on board the Galena, by Admirsl Luce.
He stated that the rumors of the bombardment of Cape Haytien were without foundation. No bombardment had taken place when the Moritz sailed.

the Moritz sailed.

Among the passengers who arrived on the Prinz Mauritz were Comte de Delva, of the Haytien navy, and A. Duthiers, a merchant of Port-au-Prince. They are on their way to Paris, but what their mission is could not be learned.

Mine. J. E. de Coutreras, wife of Gen.
Coutreras, of the Haytian Consulate in this
city, was also a passenger.

ANOTHER "EVENING SUN" FAKE.

It Adds a Haytian Riet to Its Invention About the Bombardment.

"Rioting in Hayti. Reign of Terror at Jacmel and the City Partly Burned." Under these headlines the Evening Sun prints a faked sensational story of a desperate fight at Jaemel, Hayti, as having occurred Dec. 20 and gives as its informant the mate of the German steamer Prinz Mauritz, which arrived in port to-day.

This fake is on a par with other stories concerning the Haytian troubles which this paper has printed.

As a matter of fact Chief Officer Sibbellee, of the Prinz Mauritz, said there was no fighting at Jaemel while his vessel was there, and also brought information to the effect that the other Evening Sun story that Cape Hayten had been bombarded, was a pure fabrication.

It was concocted in this city.

Information that there was no riot was re-ceived this morning from THE WORLD cor-respondent at Port-su-Prince.

COMMISSIONER PORTER DENIES IT. An Extremely Sensational Story

Alexander McDonald.

tional story this afternoon headed, in type, "Dr. McDonald In-It begins by saying : "Not. withstanding the carefully studied ef-

forts of the Commissioners of Charities and Correction and their subordinates to keep the fact from public knowledge, it has leaked out that Dr. Alexander E. McDonald, General Superintendent of the Insane Asylum on Ward's Island, has become insane."

Another headline not quite so large says : 'The brilliant specialist of Ward's Island

was stated that Dr. McDonald's health had

there was no doubt of his ultimate recovery. It was denied that his mind is permanently affected and Commissioner Porter did not believe that it was seriously affected at all, preferring to believe, as he said, that the entire mental trouble was merely a nervous attack."

Commissioner Porter said when told of the story: "It is not true that Dr. McDonald is insane,

permanently or otherwise. "He is sick at his home on Ward's Island "The Commissioners of Charities and Cor-

rection did not try to keep the fact from the public. "Dr. McDonald is no more insane than I

"The story that he is is untrue." Dr. McDonald has suffered from malaria lately and a cutaneous disorder.

If he is insane nothing is known about it by the Commissioners of Charities and Correction.

IS SHE STARVING HERSELF? Mamie Wood Positively Refuses to Partake

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.] NEWBURG, N. Y., Dec. 29.-Mamie Wood who played so important a part in the Schoonmaker tragedy, is at the hospital in this city still. She is willing to be interviewed, but the physicians are not satisfied

her attack of hysteria to permit it. Mrs. Wood, the mother, was with Mamie five hours last evening and to-day has been in attendance at her bedside aiding the regular

that she is yet sufficiently recovered from

Mamie is very self-willed. When inclined, she will converse with the attendant or the physician in response to questions. At other times she maintains a determined silence.

When Mamie is considered to be sufficiently recovered her mother will take her home, and as soon as possible change her abode.

Mrs. Wood says she is afraid Mamie will again attempt suicide, and that is the reason she has determined to stay by the bedside,

Beauty's Dower.

Where grace and beauty most abound,
True happiness will of the found.
Where ruby lips and glowing cheek
The gift of rugged health bespeak.
The artist, Nature's nobleman.
Will risk the treasure of his art,
Depleting, defily as he can.
The lines engraven on his heart,
Fair maiden, may life's richest joy
Spread her bright mantic over thee;
May years but gently with you toy.
And pleasures week, without alloy,
With fairest blossoms cover thee;
But should, perchance, thy beauty fade. With fairest blossoms cover thee;
With fairest blossoms cover thee;
But should, perchance, thy beauty fade,
Thou canst call quickly to thy aid
Our Golden Madical Discovant.
Remember that Prance's Golden Madicalest adverse as a sire cure for all skin crupts
d diseases of the blood.

JACK, OR WHO?

Two Boys Horribly Murdered in Yorkshire, England.

Mutilated Like the Victims of Whitechapel.

Has the Ripper Changed His Base of Operations?

Perhaps the Lads Were Killed by Some Drunken Roughs.

Arrest of a Milkman Who is Believed to Be the Elend.

INV. CABLE TO THE PRESS NEWS ASSOCIATION. LONDON, Dec, 29 .- News comes from Bradford this morning of a horrible murder so similar in its appalling details to the villainy of the Whitechapel fiend as to lead to the supposition that "Jack the Ripper" has changed his scene of operations or that some naurderous maniae has been imitating his work.

The victim in this case, however, was a boy only eight years of age, who was found this norning in a stable, shockingly mutilated. His ears, nose, legs and arms had been cut off, the body had been disembowelled, and the dismembered parts stuffed into the gory cavity.

As was the case in the Whitechapel murders, the perpetrator of this new horror left no trace behind him.

Bradford this morning is in a turmoil of ningled terror and excitement. There is but one topic of discussion, and the streets in the vicinity of the stable where the boy's mutilated body was discovered are filled with an excited multitude. LATER. - The boy's name was John Gill?

and he was last seen coasting on the ice with number of youthful companions. One theory is that the murder was committed by some drunken lads whose minds had

become diseased by reading newspaper accounts of the Whitechapel crimes. LATER,-A milkman has been arrested on

suspicion of having committed the crime. The murdered boy had occasionally accompanied him on his rounds. The prisoner was the first to recognize the remains. It is certain that the body was placed in the outhouse between the hours of 4 and 7

hopelessly afflicted."

Further on it says: "It is hoped that his affliction is only temporary."

Still further down is this statement:

"At the office of the Commissioners of Charities and Correction this morning it was stated that Dr. McDonald's health had

Bradford, York County, England, is a borough situated on a branch of the Leeds and Liverpool Canal, eight miles west of Leeds. The town is built entirely of stone. Its streets are mostly narrow, but well paved and lighted. It is the principal seat of the worsted and stuff manufactures in England, and the great market for wool. The population is about one hundred and fifty thousand.

ANOTHER BOY FOUND MURDERED

His Body Found Within Nine Miles of the Place of the First Murder.

(BY CABLE TO THE PRESS NEWS ASSOCIATION.) LONDON, Dec. 29. Scarcely have people begun to recover from the shock of the first han they are horrified by the report of another boy murder.

The body of a second boy, horribly muti-

lated, has been found at Kilwich, near Keighley.

No clue to the murderer in this case has been found.

The police are searching the country around, and they are assisted by volunteer parties.

All the rallway stations are watched.

Keighley, York County, England, is nine miles northwest of Bradford, is a thriving cioth manufacturing town of about 20,000 inhabitants. This town, like Bradford, is almost wholly built of stone, the streets are well paved and lighted with gas. Keighley contains a grammar school, court-house and a mechanic's institute. The Leeds and Liverpool Canal runs through the town.

THE BOBBY THOUGHT HE WAS JACK.

Young Englishman Who Was Mistaken for the Whitechapel Flend. [SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.] BROCKTON, Mass., Dec. 29.-John Arthur

Baker is a young Englishman who has just arrived in this country, and is at present staying with his parents here. Mr. Baker is an acrobat by profession, and as travelled over nearly all of Europe. It was rumored here that among his experiences

was rumored here that among his experiences he had been arres'ed among the many others on suspicion of being "Jack the Ripper."

A visit to Mr. Baker at his new home disclosed a sturdy, fresh-faced young man of pernaps twenty-five years of age. He laughed at the idea of being arrested on such a charge and said: "You see it was something like six weeks ago that I came over from Paris to London. and that night I started to walk to my sister's house. It was past midnight when I got as far as Whitechapel, and just by Bow Church a 'bobby' touched me on the shoulder and said: 'I guess you are the fellow I am looking for.' I asked him what he wanted, and he took me under the street lamp to get a good look at me. He asked me who I was, what my business was, and what I was doing with that black bag. I told him I had just got over from Paris, and after some more questions he let me go. You see the hour was late and I was carrying a black bag and a waking stick, two things that everybody said 'Jack the Ripper' always went equipped with. This is as near as I came to being arrested, and perhaps it was near enough. At any rate I didn't stop in London long."

Arrested on a Charge of Murder. PROVIDENCE, R. I.; Dec. 29.—Daniel Kelly, the assailant of Brennan, who died last night, was rearrested at noos to-day on the charge of

Joe McAuliffe Knocked Out by Blow on the Chin.

Graphic Description of the Great Battle in San Francisco.

Sullivan or Kilrain Must Now Meet the Colored Man-

ISPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD. | SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Dec. 29 .- The fight between Peter Jackson, the colored Australian, and Joe McAuliffe, the California heavy weight, which was pulled off in the rooms of the California Athletic Club last night, was one of the fiercest and best contested battles ever witnessed on the Pacific coast.

Beyond the fact that Jackson had won, only meagre details of the struggle were tele graphed to the Eastern papers last night. A graphic description of the fight, round by round, is given below. Jackson will now be put forward to meet

other Sullivan or Kilrain, the Club having offered a purse of \$6,000 for the purpose. When the men entered the ring at 9.25 last right betting was free among the 2,000 spectators, and McAuliffe had the call at odds

of 2 to 1. McAuliffe weighed 220 pounds and stood 6 feet and % of an inch in height. His sec onds were Barney Farley and Joe Bowers. Jackson weighed 201 pounds and stood 6 feet nd & inch high. Sam Fitzpatrick and Tom feadows were in his corner.

Hiram Cook acted as referee The men were enthusiastically received. Round 1-McAuliffe led off after some time ad been cut to waste in sparring. Both men eached with left and right, but no very partic-

reached with left and right, but no very particular damage was done.

Round 2—Jackson came up to the centre of the ring, with a broad grin on his features, and at once let go left and right at his opponent's head. He landed well and rushed McAuliffe round the ring, drawing blood from his ear with a vicious right-hand swing.

Round 3—Jackson continued to rush matters, and both men were eager, so there was a good deal of short-arm work done. Neither seemed to care much about guard, but hopped right and left in rapid succession, forcing each other in turn against the ropes. Jackson had the better of the exchanges, and his terrible right swung with force against the ribs of his opponent. Towards the end McAuliffe swung three or four stiff uppercuts with his right, and when time was called the white man had scored more than his opponent.

Round 4—Encouraged by his success McAu-

stiff uppercuts with his right, and when time was called the white man had scored more than his opponent.

Round 4—Encouraged by his success McAulific crossed over to Jackson's corner and let go a couple of vicious swings with his right. Jackson ducked with the agility of a lightweight and got away very eleverly. After some sparring Jackson feinted low with his left and let go with his right at McAuliffe's damaged ear and landed a stinger. He did not get away seet free, for in getting away he stopped a swinging left-hand blow with his jaw.

Round 5—Jackson was the stronger man when they came up again, and was quick on his feet. He landed three left-handers in succession on the chest, but did no damage. His magnificent reach was shown in this magnificent reach was shown in this mound, and he hit McAuliffe several times when the latter's return was inches from him. At last McAuliffe got in a right-hander en Jackson's neck, which sent him back, but though the blow would have stopped many a man the Australian only came after more of the same kind with a relish.

Round 6—Jackson in this round changed his tactics and began sending in his left and right to his opponent's stomach. One or two of the blows landed heavily and McAuliffe legan to fight shy. Just before time was called McAuliffe led for Jackson's face, but the black ducked neatly and countered heavily on the Californian's stomach. The call of time found both men sparring for wind.

Round 7.—As usual Jackson started the fun

neatly and countered heavily on the Californian's stomach. The call of time found both men sparring for wind.

Round 7.—As usual Jackson started the fun with one of his favorite rushes. He way partially stopped by a straight drive from Mac's left, but notwithstanding the severity of the blow he continued rushing and drove Farley's big Joe all over the ring. When the men came to shortarm work McAuliffe managed to send in two vicious left-handers on the Australian's mouth, and the crimson fluid marked the landing of the blows. Betting at this time was even, although prior to the fight odds of 100 to 60 were offered on McAuliffe.

Round 8—in this round Jackson did all the leading, and the round was on the whole more of a sprinting match than a fight. Before time was called, however, McAuliffe rallied and sent in one or two good left-hand jabs, which brought a sinile to the dusky representative from the British colony. Jackson had the best of the round, and the spectators applauded the science displayed by both men.

Round 9—Both men came to the scratch as fresh as a May morning and at once began sparring for an opening. McAuliffe led at Jackson's face and was severely apper-cut in the rally which took place. The blows had more or less effect on the Californian, and during the rest of the round he kept at arm's length from his opponent until near the end of the round, when he made an attempt to land on Jackson's face, and was rushed to the ropes. When the referee's voice was heard amnouncing cessation of hostilities, both men were breathing heavily.

Round 10—Jackson went to the floor in this round, and it was a question in the minds of those present whether the Australian was knocked down or dropped to escape punishment. However, he received two terrific swings on his left oar, and there is little doubt but what it was a square knock-down. Mac had all the best of this round, and his stock began to rise rapidly. Both men retired to their corners, breathing heavily, and for the next sixty seconds the flapping of the

the only sound that broke the stillness of the room.

Round 11—It was now palpable that Jackson's reach and superior hitting powers were bound to tell the tale, though the bigger man stuck to his work with all the gameness for which he is noted. Jackson worked too hard and in one of his rushes McAuliffe caught him a stinging counter on the neck, staggering his man and causing him to come back with vigious swings of his left and right. He kept smashing his right into McAuliffe's ribs, and the sound of the smashes could be heard all over the building. They did not seem to produce much effect on the local man, for he kept letting go both hands with vigor.

not seem to produce much effect on the local man, for he kept letting go both hands with vigor.

Rounds 12 and 13—Both men had done phenomenally hard work for big fellows, and neither seemed anxions to do the leading. They wasted six minutes in sparring for wind, not a single blow being exchanged.

Round 14—Jackson came up with blood in his eye and hit McAuliffe lightly on the neck, following it up with a stiff left-hand punch which took the Pacific coast champion nearly off his feet and sent him recling against the ropes. He tried hard to return the compliment, but the Australian was too quick on his feet, and gave him no opportunity.

Round 15—Jackson wasted no time in getting to work, and led off with a hard smash right on the end of McAuliffe's nose. He followed up with aswing on the ribs and planted left and right on him almost as he chose, and his blows seemed to gain rather than lose steam. He drew McAuliffe into very easy traps and avoided returns on almost every lead.

Round 16—Jackson followed up his advantage and planted several wicked right-handers on the law of his opponent, McAuliffe recognized the fact that he was being whipped and smashed his right out hard, but Jackson had his mark and was never touched. This enraged his opponent and he rushed after the willy coloured man, but was met with a flush left-hander on the nose which checked his ardor.

Round 17—McAuliffe opened out with a well-delivered left on the law, but Jackson had his measure, and got in the deciding blows of the

KILRAIN'S BUSINESS-LIKE EPISTLE.

Fac-Simile of His Type-Written Acceptance of John L's Challenge.

EDITOR CLIPPER.

Dear Sir: -

In reply_to.Mr. John_L. Sulli-

van's challenge to meet me in the arena for \$10,000 a side and the championship of the world, please state that I am ready to meet Mr. Sullivan to battle for \$10,000 a side and the Police Gazette Diamond Belt, which represents the championship of the world.

To prove that I am in earnest and mean business, my backer_has deposited \$5000 to-day with the proprietor of the Clipper, who, I am willing, shall be the final stakeholder. Myself or representatives will be ready to meet

Mr., Sullivan or his representatives any day they name, giving me due notice, outside the jurisdiction of the

United States to arrange a match Yours Jake Kilram

Champion of the World.

December 22nd, 1888

contest, for when he had smashed left and right half a dozen times on McAulifie's neck and head the Pacific coast man was dazed, and it was plainly Jackson's fight.

Bound 18.—Jackson tried to draw his man so as to make room for his right, but McAuliffe wanted to lay back and made him come after his righting. Jackson got in his right hand often, making the ribs still his objective point. He smashed McAuliffe once on the damaged ear and he fell onto the ropes but recovered in time to escape a swing blow which would have put him to sleep.

Rounds 19 to 22—It was only a question of time when Jackson would win, but he showed his cool head and in response to his second's instructions to go in and finish his man said: "I'll take my time, for he can't hit me." This was true, for the weak attempts of McAuliffe were very casily avoided by the Australian. He kept away from him and put in his left on the head very hald several times, while the right smashed away at the ribs.

Round 23—Jackson sladned Mac several times on the nose, causing that organ to bleed profusely. It was now evident that Mac had more than met his match and could only last a few more rounds.

Jackson rained blow after blow on his face and ribs, and in the middle of the twenty-fourth round smashed right and left on his neck. A well-directed blow on the chin did the business, and the Pacific coast champion dropped on his haunches in his corner and failed to respond to the call of time. His mouth and nose were bleeding freely.

The winner was greeted with round after round of applance, and the "short-enders" were wild with delight.

ing man in this city.

In fact, there were not more than half a dozen In fact, there were not more than half a dozen persons who took the Jackson end of the betting, and they are feeling so jubilant over the result that they now say they will bet that if the Australian meets either Sullivan or Kilrain Jackson will defeat him. Tom O'Rourke, George Godfrey, Capt. Cooke, Dan Gunn and Tom Higham were among the few successful bettors.

Godfrey, who was the first man to fight Jackson in this country, and Tom O'Rourke who saw the Australian spar at the Club, told their friends when they came back from 'Prisco that Jackson would win.

'He is remarkably active on his feet," they said, 'and has more science, a longer reach and strikes as hard a blow as McAuliffe."

On the other hand, the admirers of McAuliffe said that Jackson would, like other colored fighters, 'quit when hit hard, and they were satisfied that Mac would strike the Australian several hard blows."

Jackson, they said, had a bad body, and when McAuliffe landed on it a few times the fight would be at an end. This morning those parties had nothing to say, only Jackson was a better man than they had given him credit of being.

ELUSIVE JAKE KILRAIN

Mr. Lumley Has a Hard Time Trying to Notify Him of Sullivan's Readiness.

In his anxiety to notify Kilrain of Sullian's willingness to meet the former or his representatives in Canada, Mr. Arthur Lumley, of the Illustrated News, sent a telegram to Kilrain at the Kenward House, Cleveland, and this morning the telegram was returned to him with the report that no such person could be found. On this Mr.

person could be found. On this Mr. Lumley wrote to Richard K. Fox, of the Police Gazetle, asking for Kilvain's present address, but his note was returned uncopened, with word from Mr. Fox that he would have nothing to do with the News people.

Although Mr. Fox is in communication with Kilrain and poses him as his ten-thousand-dollar champion, he professes the utmost ignorance of him to all who question him.

Mr. Lumley received word from Charley Colvin, who holds the \$10,000 forfeit money, that the address of Louis B. Allen, who claims to have deposited Kilrain's \$5,000, can be obtained at the office of Howe & Hummel, the lawyers. Mr. Lumley is at a loss to know what to do in the matter.

Where Kilrain and Sullivan May Fight. (SPECIAL TO THE WORLD.)

DES MOINES, Ia., Dec. 29.—A despatch from

Sioux City says: There has been much talk among sporting men here to-day about Kilrain's preference of New Orleans or Sioux City as the scene of his proposed battle with Sullivan. While the belief is expressed by some that the numer-ous conditions imposed by Kilrain's backers are ous conditions imposed by Kilrain's backers are made only as a genteel way of crawfishing, yet the possibility of a meeting is looked at, and the selection of the battle ground talked about. Of course, should Sioux City be selected, the ground would be on Walker's Island, a low, sandy island in the Missouri, close to the Nebraska shore and about three and one-half miles above this city. Most of the island is covered with trees, but the banks are sandy, and it is so situated that a great crowd could assemble and be in no danger of being surprised by officers. The location is easy of access and would make a splendid place of meeting should the fight come this way.

It Was He Who Asked Gov. Hill for the Special Session.

Only Oyer and Terminer Could Try the Boodlers.

the Parts of General Sessions, He Said. Were Overcrowded.

Col. Fellows to-day made public the following letter, which he mailed to Gov. Hill Dec. 18:

dropped on his haunches in his corner and failed to respond to the call of time. His mouth and nose were bleeding freely.

The winner was greeted with round after round of applause, and the "short-enders" were wild with delight.

M'AULIFFE'S DEFEAT A SURPRISE.

Jackson's Boston Friends Think He Cam Whip Kilrais or Sullivan.

[SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]

BOSTON, Dec. 29.—The defeat of Joe McAuliffe by Pete Jackson at the Callifornia Club last night was a big surprise to nearly every sport.

certain other persons with giving bribes to certain members of said Common Council for the
year 1884, to influence their favorable vote and
action upon and concerning the said petition of
the Broadway Surface Railroad Company.

The trial of each or any one of these indictments would require the exclusive time and attention of a trial court for a period of not less
than from four to six weeks.

The indictments now pending in the criminal
courts of this county, together with those daily
found and presented, charging crimes of ordinary character and occurrence are so vast in number as to require all the time, attention and
facilities of the Court of General Sessions of the
Peace, in and for the city and county of New
York.

facilities of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, in and for the city and county of New York.

In a great many of these cases the defendants are unable to give bail and must be confined until trial in the city prisons.

For these reasons the bribery indictments aforesaid cannot, I respectfully submit, be tried in the said Court of General Sessions without greatly and seriously obstructing the due and proper administration of the criminal law in this county.

I am advised that the number of civil cases pending in the Supreme Court in and for this county is such as to indispensably require for their proper trial and disposition all the time, attention and facilities of said Court.

I am of opinion and advise that the said several indictments charging crimes of bribory as aforesaid should be tried and disposed of as speedily as possible, and being assured by the judges of the Superior Court of the city and county of New York that one of the court-rooms of that Court could be used for the trial of criminal cases, from the 21st day of January, 1889, until the 1st day of March next thereafter. I urgently recommend and request Your Evenlever to around the fine and request Your Evenlever to around the second and request Your Evenlever to around the commend and request Your Evenlever to around the second and request Your Evenlever to around the commend and request Your Evenlever to around the commend and request Your Evenlever to around the commend and request Your Evenlever to around the content of the city and designed the commend and request Your Evenlever to around the commend and request Your Evenlever to around the content of the city and designed to the content of the city and designed the city and designed the cin 1889, until the 1st day of March next thereafter. I urgently recommend and request Your
Excellency to appoint for the trial and disposition of the said several bribery indictments an
extraordinary term of a Court of Oyer and Terminer to be held in and for the city and county
of New York, on the 21st day of January, 1889,
I remain with great respect your obedient servant. John R. Fallows, District Attorney.

It was after the receipt

It was on Dec. 26, a week after the receipt of Col. Fellows's letter, that Gov. Hill issued his proclamation ordering a special session of the Court of Oyer and Terminer. AN OFFER TO COL. FELLOWS.

Mayor Hewitt Says He'll Give Him \$700 if He Convicts a Boodler.

Col. Fellows called on Mayor Hewitt this norning and complained of the estimate for the running of the District Attorney's office being cut \$700 by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment.
"Well," said His Honor, "Fil make this

bargain. If you convict the boodlers I'll hand over that \$700 to you out of my own "That's great encouragement," asserted Col. Fellows, and he walked out.

> Fair, Slightly Colder Weather. WASHINGTON, Dec. 29.



ALL THE LATEST NEW

GUTTENBURG RACES

The Wretched Starting Again a

It Was a Good Day for Backers

W. G. Burns, Ida West, Rosalle and

Servia Victors.

SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.1 NORTH HUDSON DRIVING PARK, N. J., Dec. 29. -The usual large Saturday crowd was present today, and a good business was done by the "bookies." The weather was clear and cool,

and the track moderately fair. The starting was simply execrable, delays of from one-half to three-quarters of an hour being of frequent occurrence. During these intervals those on the grand stand were treated to selections in singing by a quartet of young men who by these means somewhat relieved the mo-

otony of the situation. The favorites were out in good shape, W. G. Burns capturing the first, and Ida West the second race. The first dump of the day oc-Rosalie, a 6 to 1 play.

FIRST RACE.

SECOND BACE.

THIRD BACK. Purse \$200; selling allowances; six and one-half furlouge.
Rosalic, 110 (R. Harris) 1
Wanderment, 123 (G. Lynch) 2
Landscer, 120 (Redfield) 3
Time-1, 304;
Veto, Broughton, Stringban, Englewood and John Shaw were the other starters.

John Shaw were the other starters.

The Race.—Another delay of half an hour, and when the flag fell Rosalie was the first to show and kept the lead throughout, winning by four lengths from Wanderment, who came up passing the stand and got in a length before Landseer.

Betting—Rosalie straight, 6 to 1: place, 29 to 1: Wanderment for the place, even. Mutuels paid \$15.90; place, \$7.50; Wanderment paid \$0.20.

FOURTH RACE. James A. H., Landseer and the street of the post.

The Race.—Servia got under the wire first, a head before Fenelon, who was ten lengths better than Lord Beaconsfield.

Betting—Servia straight, 3 to 5; no place; Fanelon for the place, 4 to 5. Mutuels paid \$3,40; place, \$2,45; Fenelon paid \$2,95.

Clifton Entries for Monday. [SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.]
CLIPTON RACE TRACK, Dec. 29.—Following are the entries at Clifton for Monday, Dec. 31: First Race Purse 25:00; six and one-half furlong selling allowances.—Lakewood, 110; Mattle Leoran, 105; Gound, 105; Can't Tell, 105; Sixter Ruphrasis, 106; Dick Turpin, 100; Carris G., 100; King Arthus, 15; J. J. Healy, 69; Vitello, 95; Gracie, 95; Hilds, 16; Alex T., 91; Woodstock, 95; M. Second Race—Purse 25:00; selling allowances; syrenciphts of a mile,—Histop, 112; Harrodaburg, 109; Beia, 109; Souvenir, 102; Henry George, 102; Volcile, 102; Sweety, 18; Roundaman, 18; Eass Vial, 166; Ib.

Bela. 109: Souvenir. 102; Reinry George, 102; Valetile, 102; Sweety, DS; Roundsman, DS; Bass Vini, 106; Ib.

106; Ib.

107: Sweety, DS; Roundsman, DS; Bass Vini, 106; Ib.

108; Ind. Race-Purse 2020; selling allowanese; three guarters of a mile.—Shiver Star, 132; Amos, 127; Ex Roderisk, 124; Adolph, 123; Playfair, 121; Founds, 118; James U., 118; Parkville, 117; Marsh Redon, 117; Osberna, 115; Raveiler, 111; Songetser, 108; Rosalie, 109; Wheat, 109; Howerson, 106; Ib.

Fourth Race-Purse 2500; seven-eighths of a mile and the control of the co

Canadian Skating Championships [RPECIAL TO THE WORLD.]
MONTHEAL, Dec. 29.—The absence of American can competitors in the previous Canadian chem-pionship skating meetings has been the only drawback to their complete success. To overcome this the Amateur Skating Association of Canada has changed the dates for both distance and figure skating competitions to Feb. 8, the and figure skating competitions to Feb. 8, the fancy skating taking place at 10 a. M. and the distance skating at 8 F. M. The judges for the figure skating will probably be Gamble Geddes, of Toronto, and L. Pereira, of Ottawa. For the distance races the officials are all local men. Both competitions will take place in the Victoria Bink and American skaters can always be sure of good, ice without any necessity for postponements.

The championship distance events are 220 yards, half mile, one mile, five miles, 220 yards over six hurdles twenty-seven inches high. har mile backward. Louis Rubenstein, the present champion figure skater, will certainly take part in the figure-skating championship at Van Cortaind Lake.

(SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.)

NEWBURG. N.Y., Dec. 28.—Present indications point to Peter Ward (Dem.) as the next Senator the death of H. R. Low. The nomination has not been made yet, but Mr. Ward has received several hundred letters from prominent Republicans and Democrats asking him to accept the nomination. Mr. Ward to day places himself in the hands of his friends, when means that he is be nominated and the antily elected.

Cause of Complaint. of Favorites.